



SOFOG3D

SOuth west FOGs 3D experiment for processes study

South West of France during wintertime 2019-20

F. Burnet, et al.
Météo-France, CNRM, GMEI

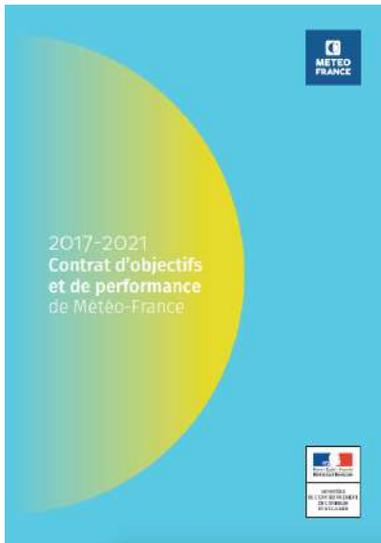
Kick-off meeting - 16/04/2019
Toulouse

Context



- Due to the high **economical impact** of **fog** on **transport** (aviation, marine and land), a specific research action started at Météo France for 5 years (2017-2021)

=> Development of a high resolution version of the Météo-France NWP model : AROME-500m



- SOFOG3D field experiment
 - Evaluation/validation of AROME-500m
 - improve our understanding of fog **processes to derive refined parameterizations** :
 - => 3D high resolution LES simulations (~m)**
 - => experimental studies**
 - new data assimilation tests



Recent fog experiments in France

PARISFOG 2006-07, PREVIBOSS 2010-13
SIRTA (Palaiseau)



Remote sensing and ground-base microphysics

Bure 2015-17, OPE ANDRA (Meuse)

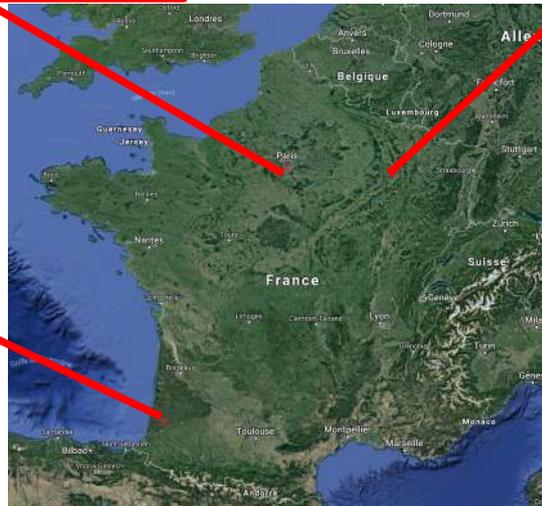


Vertical profiles of microphysics, remote sensing and water deposition

Magescq 2013-14 (Landes)



Vertical profiles of microphysics



=> Need : **3D characterization of fog layer properties with detailed observations of dynamics, radiation, microphysics and surface fluxes**



Collaborations

- **Météo France / CNRM :**

- Experimental group : G. Canut, A. Dabas, C. Denjean, P. Martinet, A. Paci and G. Roberts
- Modelling group : T. Bergot, R. Honnert, C. Lac, Q. Libois, Y. Seity , B. Vié
- Assimilation group : N. Fourrié, J.-F Mahfouf, T. Montmerle

- **SOFOG3D** ANR project :

- IPSL/LMD (M. Haeffelin, SIRTAParisFog)
- IPSL/LATMOS (J. Delanoë, BASTA)

- French lab / organisms :

- IRSN, INRA, IFSTTAR (LRPC), LA...

- **UKMO** (PI. J. Price, LANFEX)

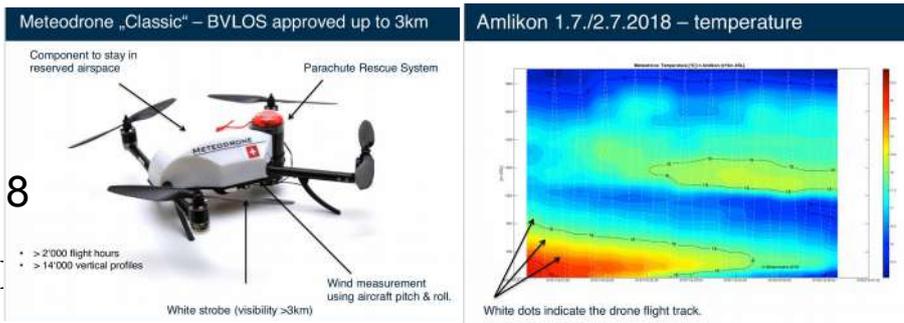


- MWR Network (TOPROF COST action) :

- Univ. de Cologne (U. Löhnert),
- MeteoSwiss (A. Haeffele)
- CNR-IMAA (D. Cimini)

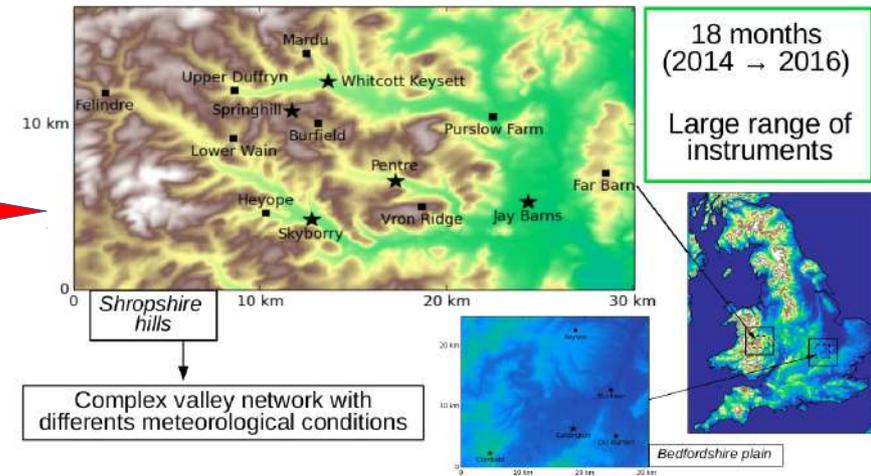
- **MétéoMatics** (C. Schluchter)

ISARRA 2018



J . Price - LANFEX

« Why a same air mass could lead to different fog conditions at different places ? »



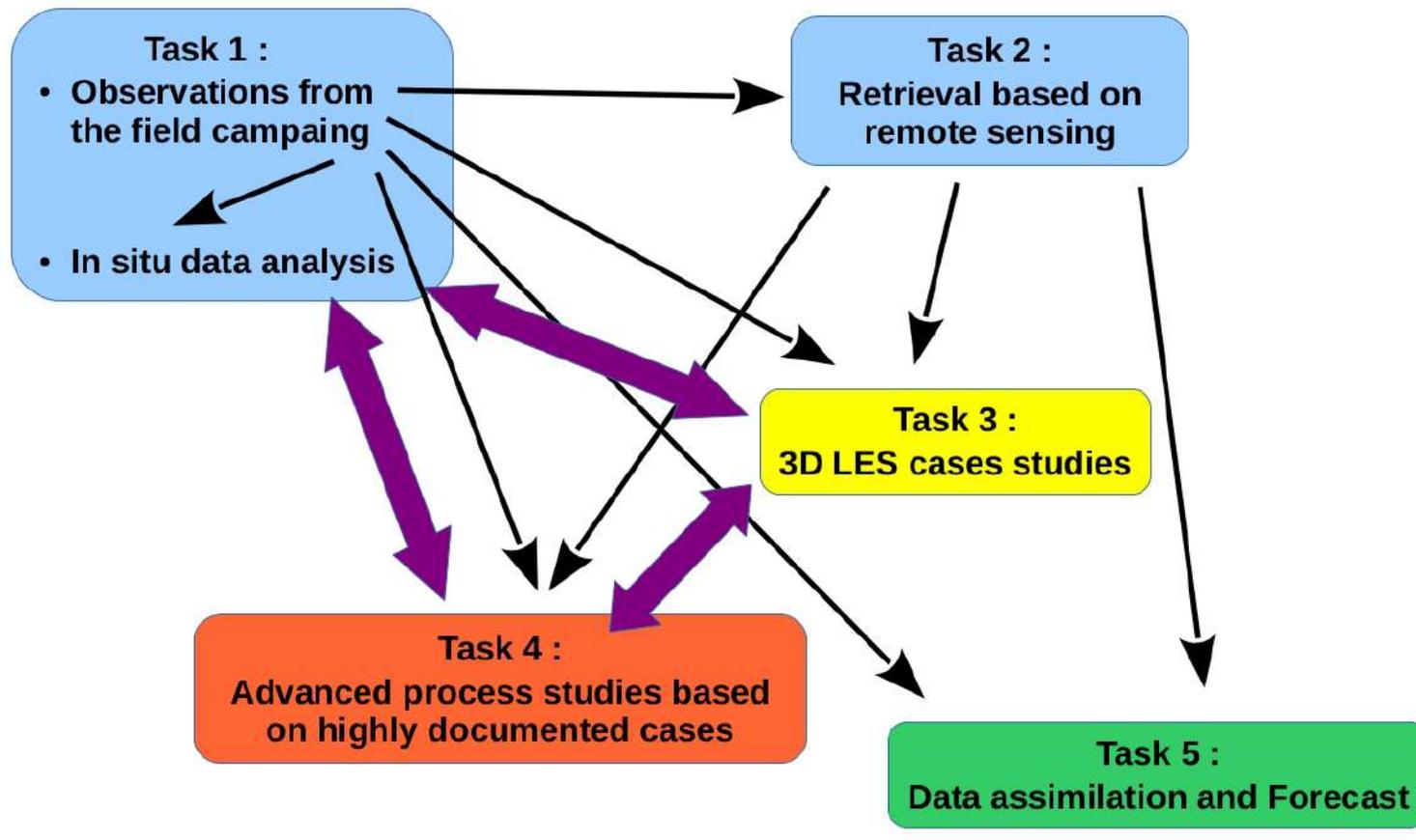
ANR SOFOG3D – 4 years (01/10/2018-2022)

■ Consortium :

- Météo-France/CNRM, Toulouse - F. Burnet (PI)
- IPSL/LMD, Palaiseau - M. Haeffelin
- IPSL/LATMOS, Guyancourt - J. Delanoë

■ Budget : 490 k€ (5 * 1 year Post Doc)

■ Organisation :



Main scientific questions

- **Provide a 3D characterization of fog layer properties** with detailed observations of **dynamics, radiation, microphysics and surface fluxes**
- Processes study using **synergy between 3D high-resolution LES and unprecedented detailed observations**
 - Dynamics :
 - **Impact of surface heterogeneities** : what are the impacts of turbulent eddies near the ground induced by surface heterogeneities on the spatio-temporal variability of the fog ?
 - Impact of entrainment and turbulent mixing at the top of the fog layer
 - Microphysics :
 - **Is transition between thin and thick fog mainly driven by microphysics ?**
 - Impact of aerosols, evaluate improvement of the two-moment scheme LIMA
 - **Stratus to fog transition** : do microphysics and local processes induced by orography and surface type influences St lowering or is it mainly driven by large scale conditions ?
- **Data assimilation of new local observations** :
 - MWR network and synergy with radar 95 GHz



ANR SOFOG3D – 4 years (01/10/2018-2022)

Timeline :

Quick-off meeting (today)

6 months campaign

Timetable of the project:

| | 18 | 2019 | | | | 2020 | | | | 2021 | | | | 2022 | | |
|--|----|------|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 |
| Task 1 : Field campaign and in situ data analysis | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.1 Preparation | █ | █ | █ | █ | █ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.2 Field campaign | | | | | █ | █ | █ | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.3 In situ data analysis (CDD) | | | | | | | █ | █ | █ | █ | | | | | | |
| Task 2 : Fog retrievals based on remote sensing measurements | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.1 Radar retrievals (CDD) | | | | █ | █ | █ | █ | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.2 Attenuation and closure study | | | | | | █ | █ | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.3 Improved MWR retrieval | | | | | | | █ | █ | | | | | | | | |
| 2.4 SEVIRI/MSG retrievals | | | | | | | | █ | █ | | | | | | | |
| Task 3 : 3D high resolution LES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.1 : LES and validation (CDD) | | | | | | | | | | █ | █ | █ | █ | | | |
| 3.2 : Impact of heterogeneities | | | | | | | | | | | █ | █ | █ | █ | | |
| 3.3 : Impact of orography | | | | | | | | | | | | █ | █ | █ | █ | |
| Task 4 : Advanced process studies based on highly documented cases | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.1: Transition thin/thick | | | | | | | | | | | | | | █ | █ | █ |
| 4.3 : Ph D on St lowering | | | | | | | | | | | | | | █ | █ | █ |
| 4.2: Fog dissipation phase (CDD) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | █ | █ | █ |
| Task 5 : Data assimilation and forecast | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.1 Observations preparation | | | | | | | | | | █ | █ | █ | █ | | | |
| 5.1 Assimilation trial (CDD) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | █ | █ | █ |
| Final report | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | █ |

2 Ph D :

A. Bell

M. Fathalli



Field campaign :

- **Fall-winter 2019/20 in the South West of France:**
Mont de Marsan : 80 events / year (340 h)
- **Long term observation period :**
automatic systems : RADOME met. Network (50) , mobiles met. stations (20) , remote sensing, instrumented mats (flux, microphysics),...
- **Intensive Observation Periods :**
radiosounding, tethered balloons, UAVs fleet
=> Objective : sample **10 à 20 events with favourable conditions**



Mât de 50 m



Flux



Télémetre, Radiomètre, Radar



Dépôt



Ballon captif



RS et flottes de drones



Measured parameters

In situ sensors

- Meteorological conditions : pressure, temperature, humidity and 3D wind
- Radiation budget
- Visibility
- Aerosol optical, microphysical and hygroscopic properties
- Heat and momentum fluxes (ground and 50/10 m towers)
- Water deposition
- Microphysical vertical properties : tethered balloons, towers

Remote sensing

- Deployment of a small MWR network (around 6 units)
- W-band radars : reflectivity and Doppler Velocity
- Aerosol lidars and ceilometers
- Doppler lidars

**+ UAVs fleet, tethered balloon,
instrumented towers**

**=> 4D description (spatial, temporal, and vertical)
of the fog layer with a fine resolution**



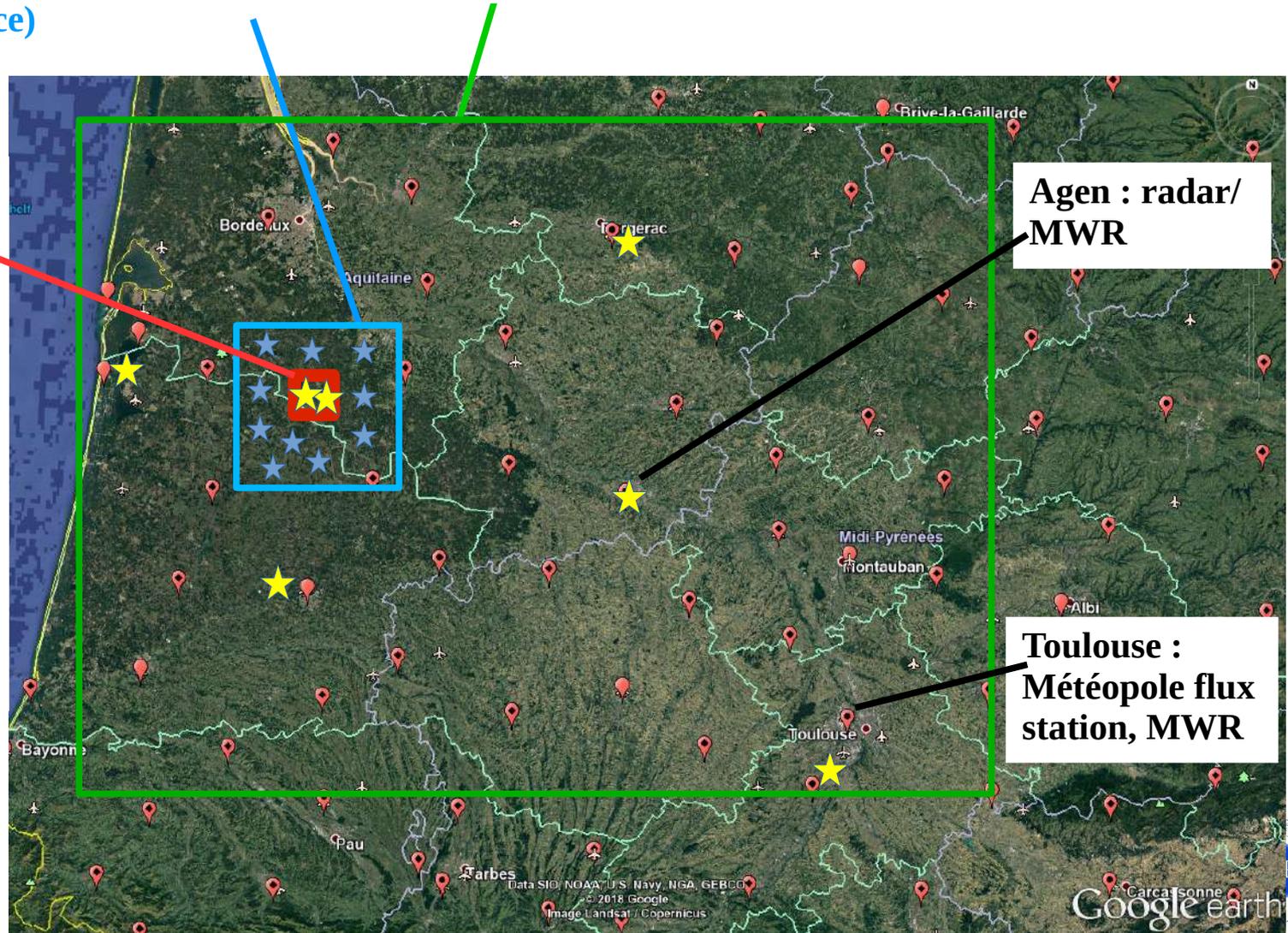
SOFOG3D experimental strategy

Surrounding domain 50 x 50 km with increased density in-situ sensors network (~ 15 surface met. stations, visibility, ceilometers, turbulence)

Larger domain 300 x 200 km (AROME-500m model) with in-situ sensors (~ 50 surface met. stations) and MWR (6 units★) networks

Super-site 10 x 10 km:

- radar/MWR/lidars
- tethered balloon
- UAVs fleet
- 10 met. stations
- 50 m mast (2)
- 3 areas with : heat and turbulent fluxes (ground & 10m), radiation budget, aerosol and fog microphysics, water deposition, visibility, ceilometers



Dense network of weather stations

- **AROME-500 m validation : RADOME network too coarse**
50 stations => every ~20 to 50 km and a few visibility measurements (< 10)
=> need to increase the density in nested domains :
~ 10 stations on the surrounding domain 50 x 50 km => ~10 to 15 km
~ 10 stations on the supersite => ~2 to 3 km
- Processes studies : **3D HR LES validation** => local / advection



=> CNRM :

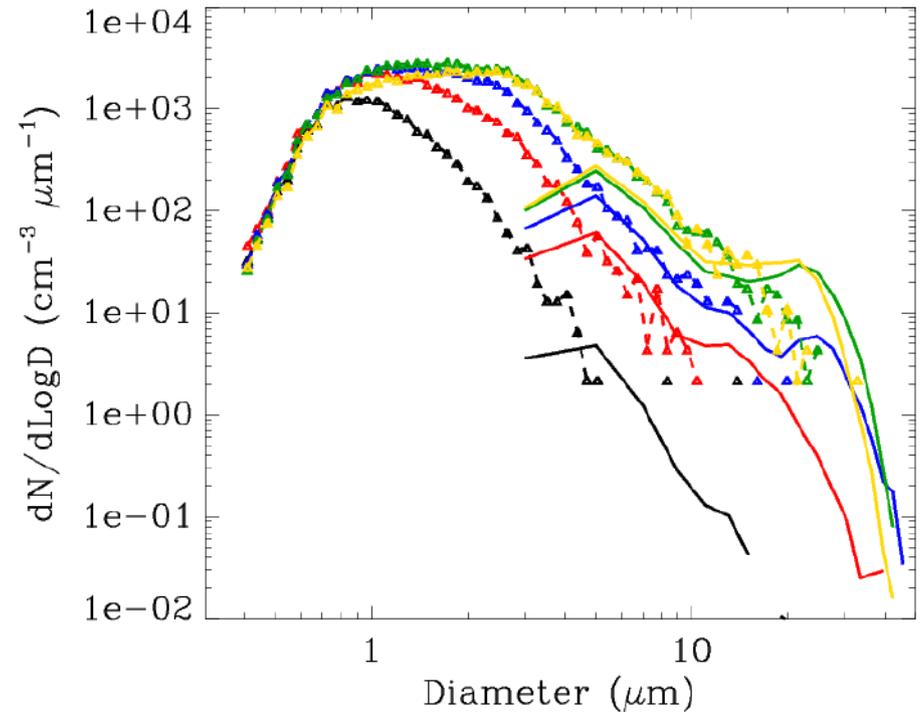
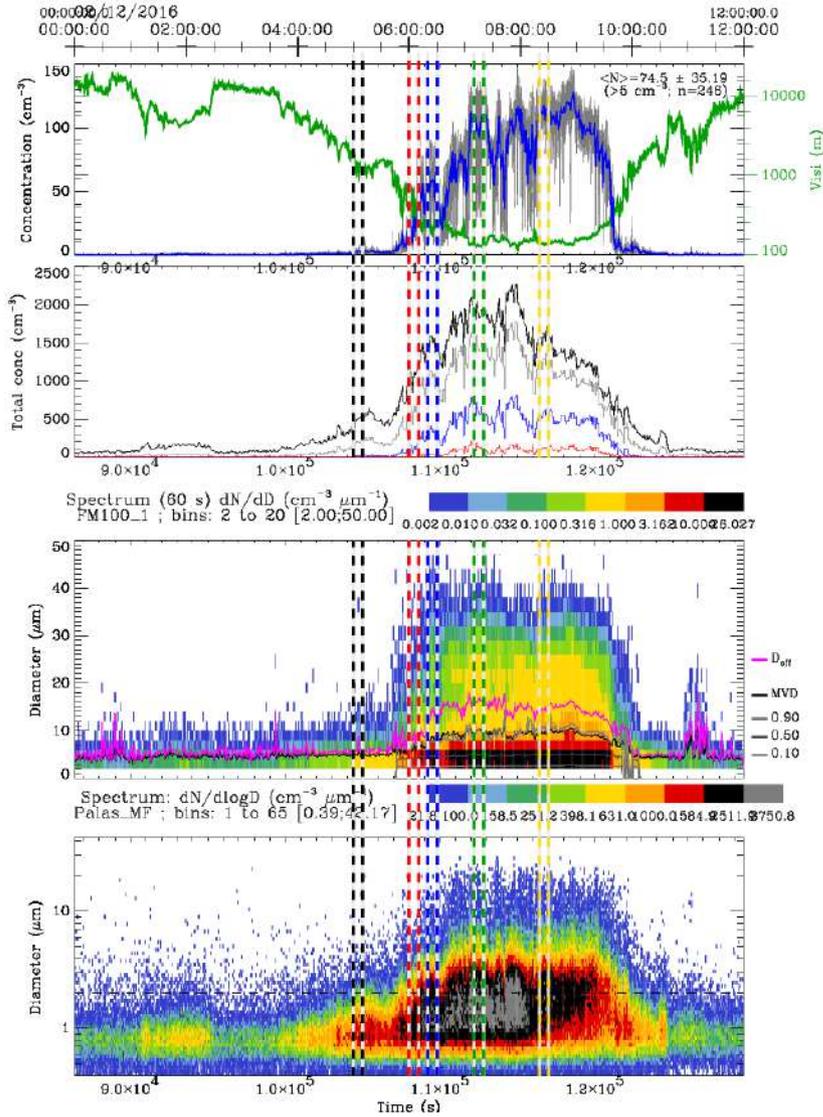
- 10 mobile stations (P, T, U, 10m wind, radiation, visibility, soil T),
- a few ceilometers (> 6)

=> UKMO :

- 10 mobile stations
- one 50-m mast at the supersite

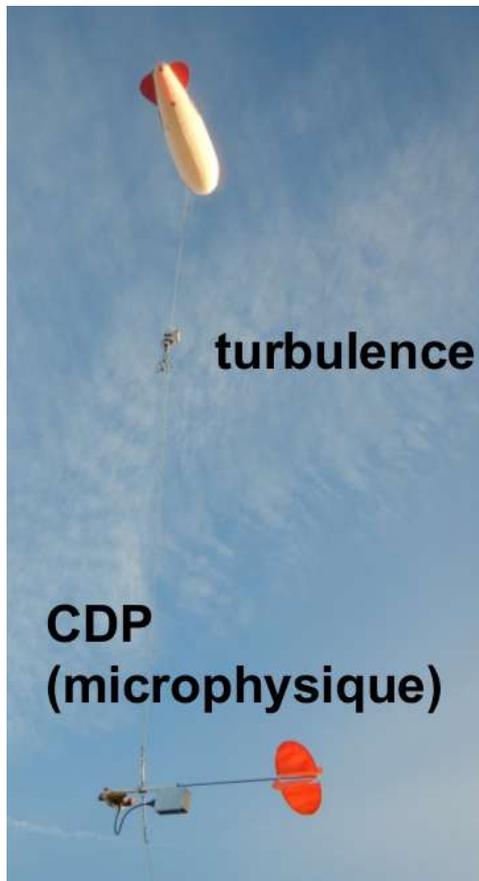
Microphysics

- 3 (Welas + FM-100/FM120) + FM120 UKMO
- 2 PVM
- 1 CDP mât 50m

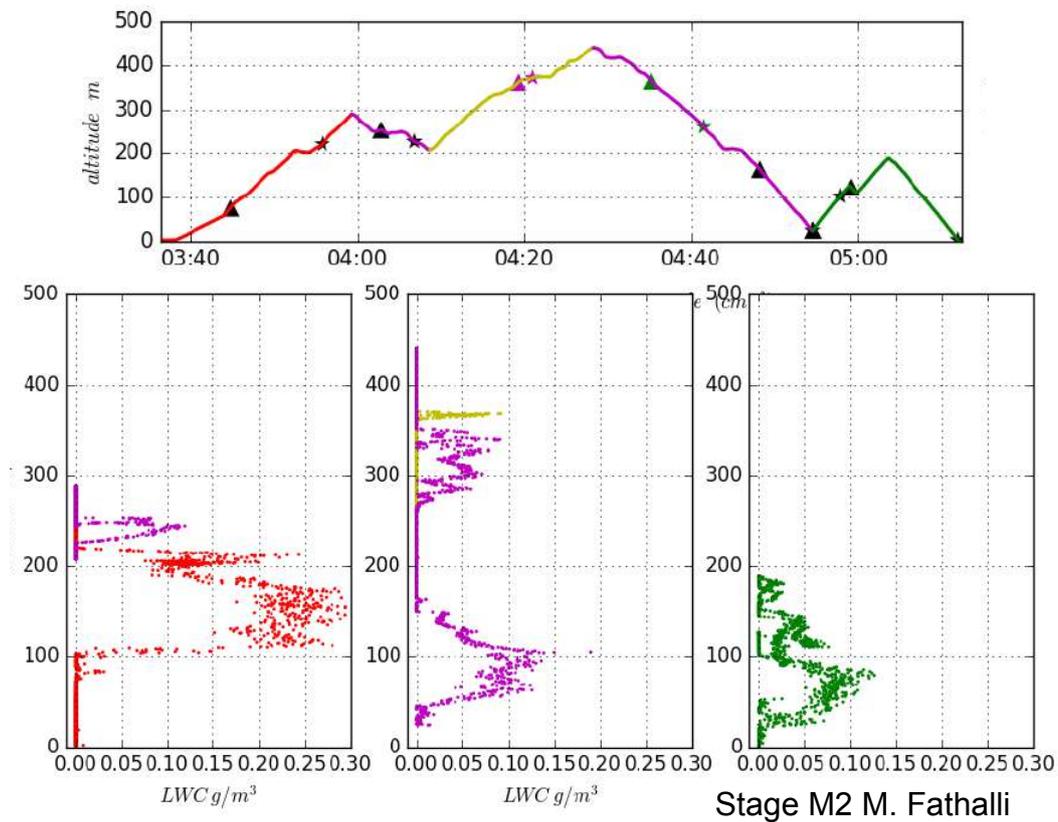


Tethered balloon

- **In situ vertical profile**
 - Thermodynamics, turbulence and microphysics (aerosol, droplets, CCN)
 - Measurements in specific regions (cloud top, etc...)
- **=> tower / balloon synergy**

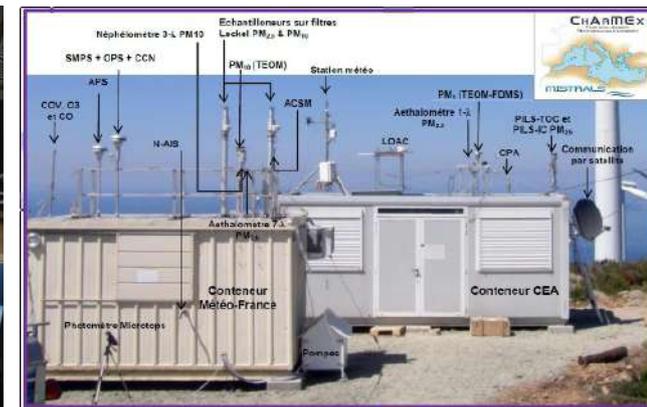


Profils verticaux LWC mesuré par le CDP :



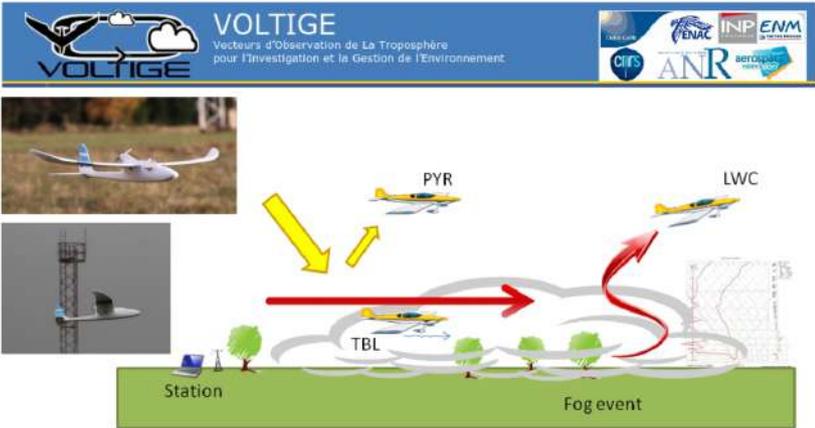
Aerosol properties

- **Main zone** of the super site :
 - total concentration CPC
 - size distribution SMPS [10-496] nm, OPC [0.3, 10 μ m]
 - absorbing properties (nephelometer and CAPS)
 - hygroscopicity (CCN chamber)
- **Secondary zones :**
 - OPC
- **Tethered balloon :**
 - OPC
 - mini CCN
- **UAVs fleet :**
 - OPC



UAVs fleet : 3D exploration

- Vertical profile and horizontal mapping
=> **heterogeneities during the fog life cycle**



X6 (Skywalker) :

2 kg
2 h
60 km/h
Zmax=4 km



Xeno (Multiplex) :

700 g
45 min
Zmax=1 km
P,T,U,vent



Backscatter cloud sensor



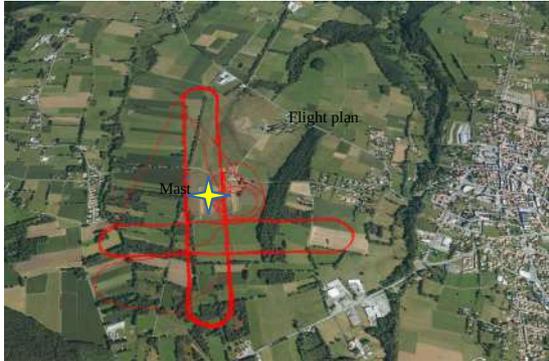
aerosol inlet



optical particle counter



5-hole probe



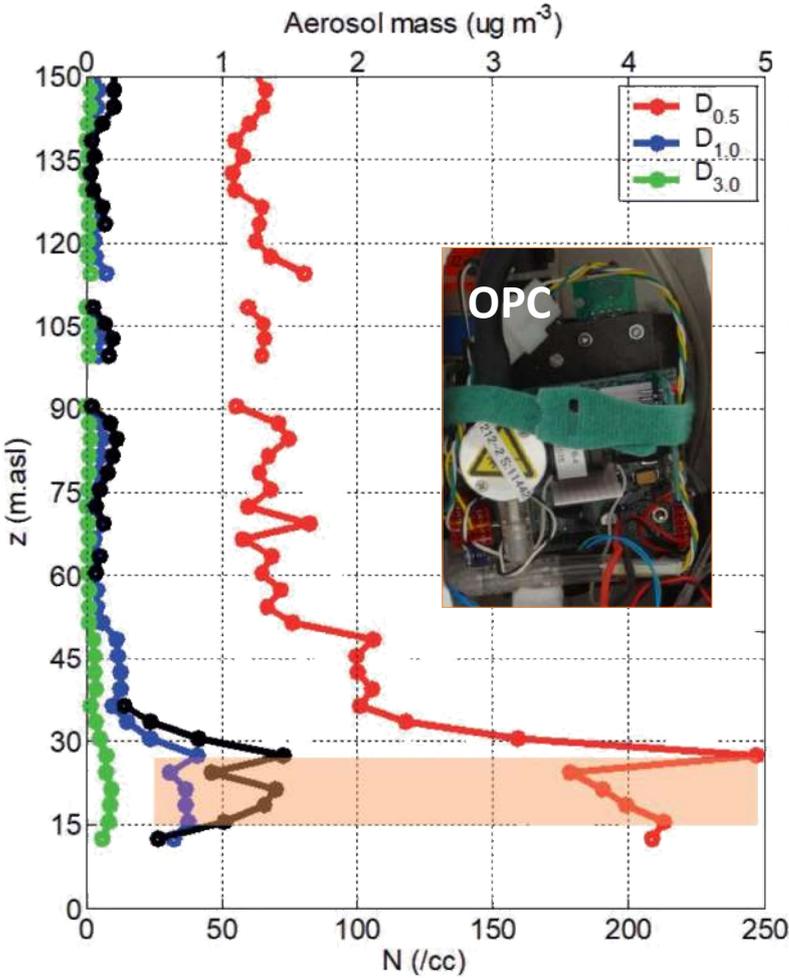
Video camera



UAVs fleet : 3D exploration

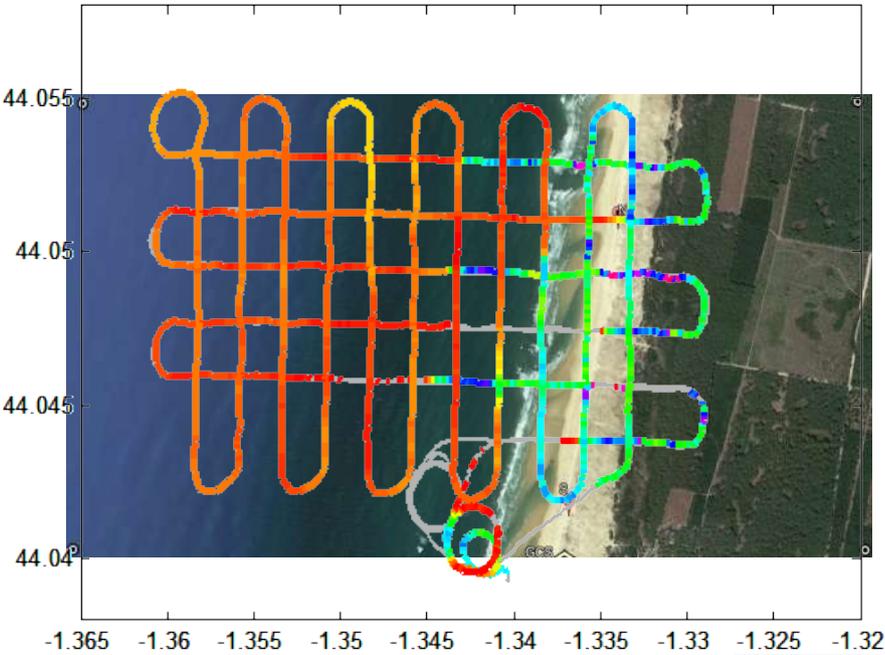


- Aerosol profiles over the surf zone



Roberts et al., La Météorologie,
doi : 10.4267/2042/62453

Surface temperature :(RAW data)



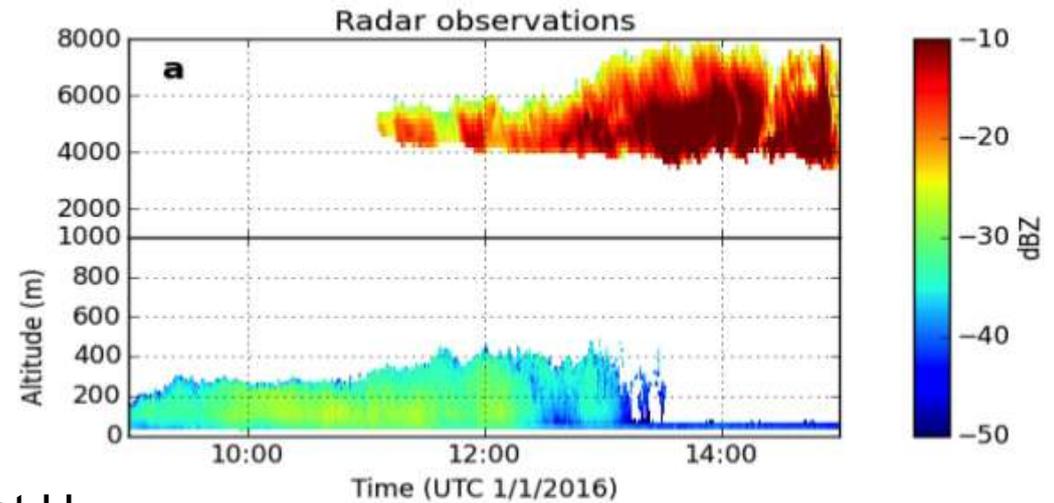
From MIRIAD experiment (12/2016)
at Montalivet



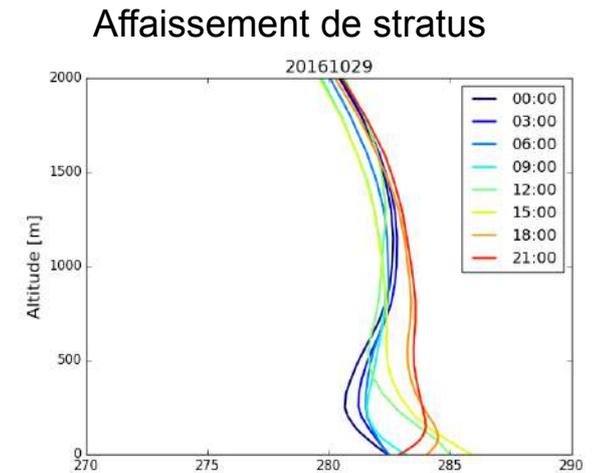
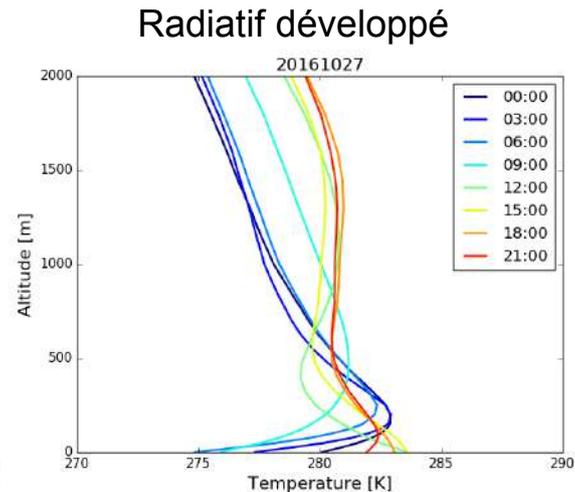
Synergie BASTA - radiomètre

WP2 – J. Delanoë et al.
WP5 – P. Martinet et al.

- Caractérisation profil pour les processus et assimilation pour prévisions
 - Radar : réflectivité et vitesse Doppler => sommet, microphysique



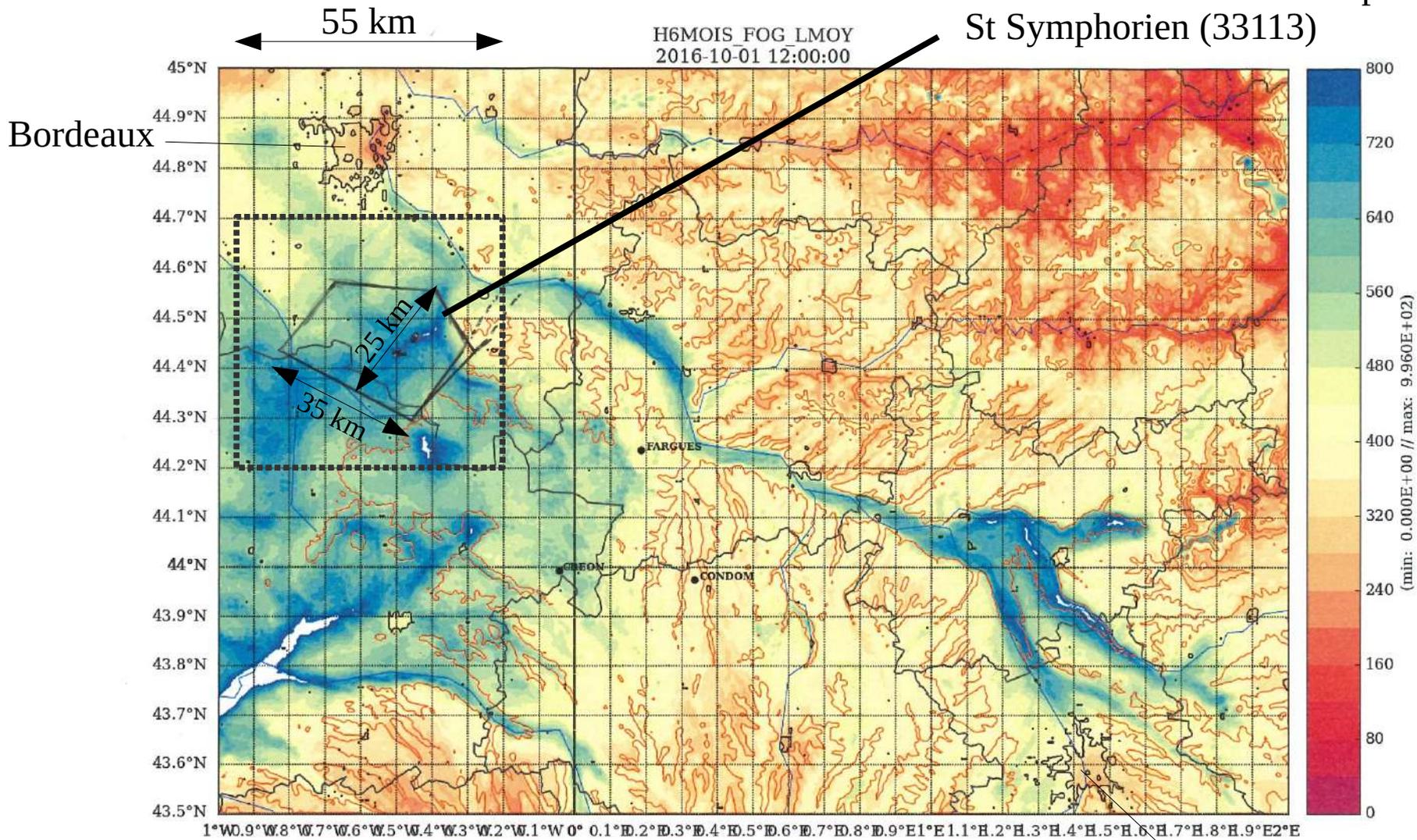
- Radiomètre : LWP et profils T et Hu



Super site selection : AROME fog forecasts (nb of hour) winter 2016-17

(C.Zecchin)

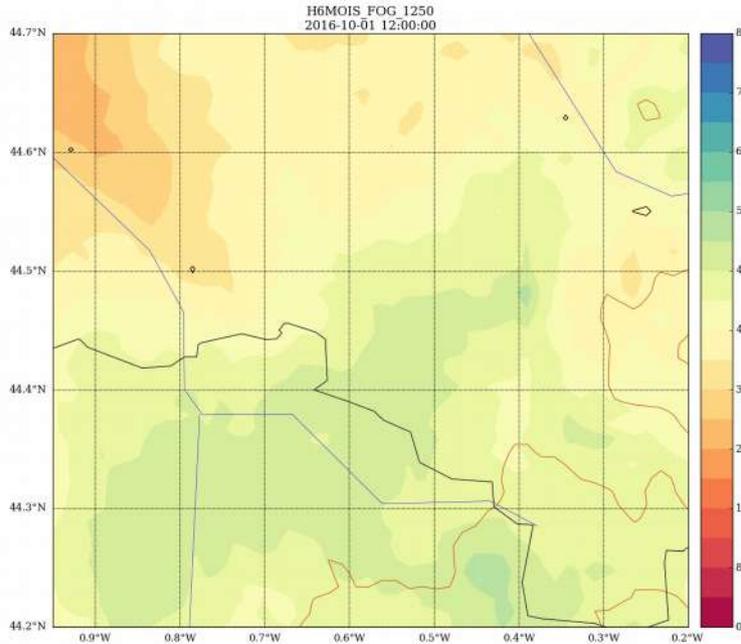
DGAC area with free air space < 3000 ft
St Symphorien (33113)



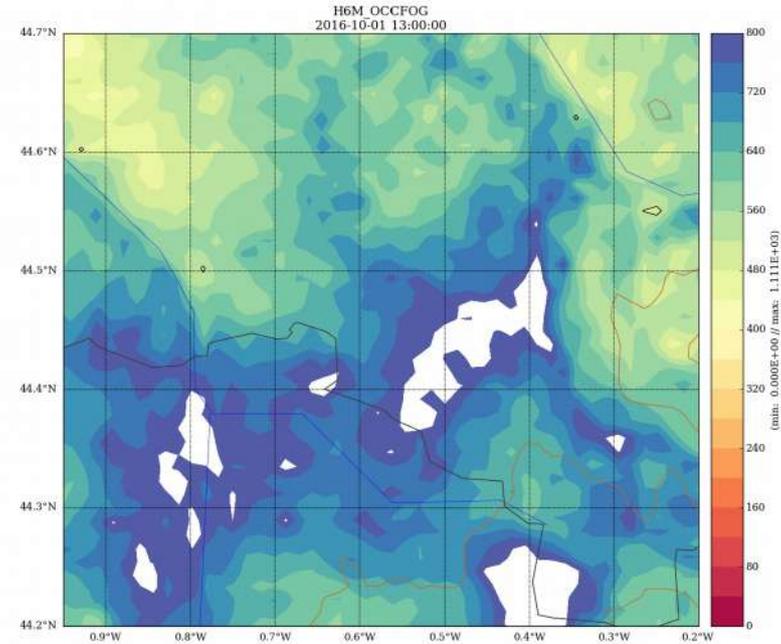
Toulouse

AROME fog forecasts (nb of hour) winter 2016-17

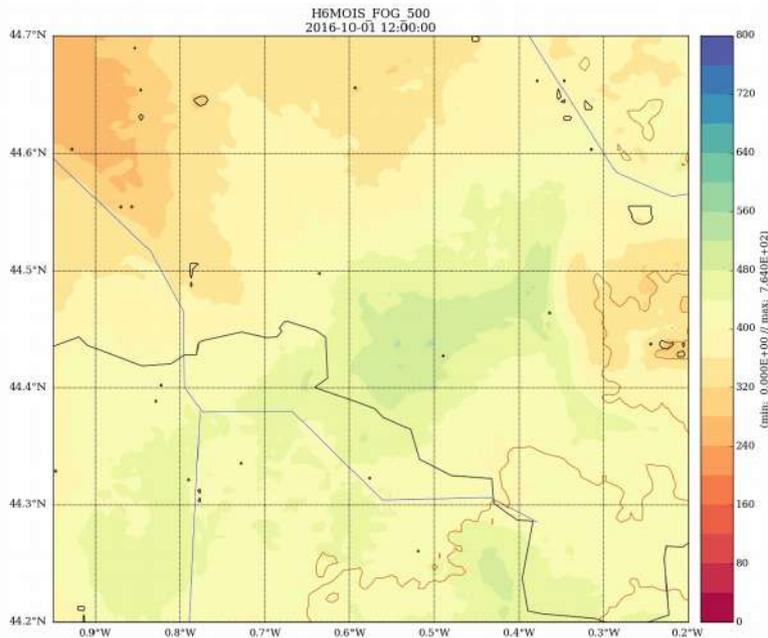
1250m resolution : 90 vertical levels



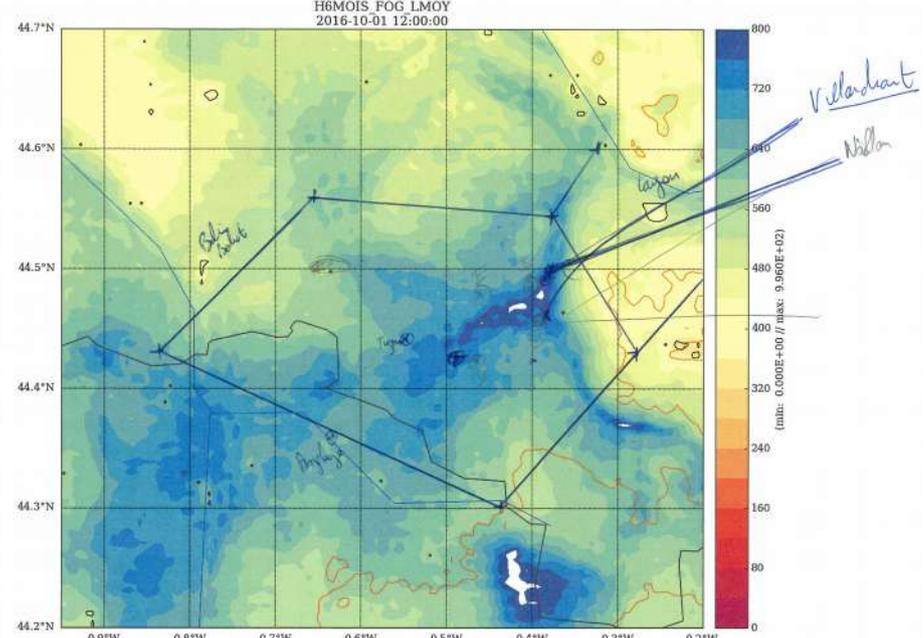
156 levels



500m resolution : 90 vertical levels



156 levels



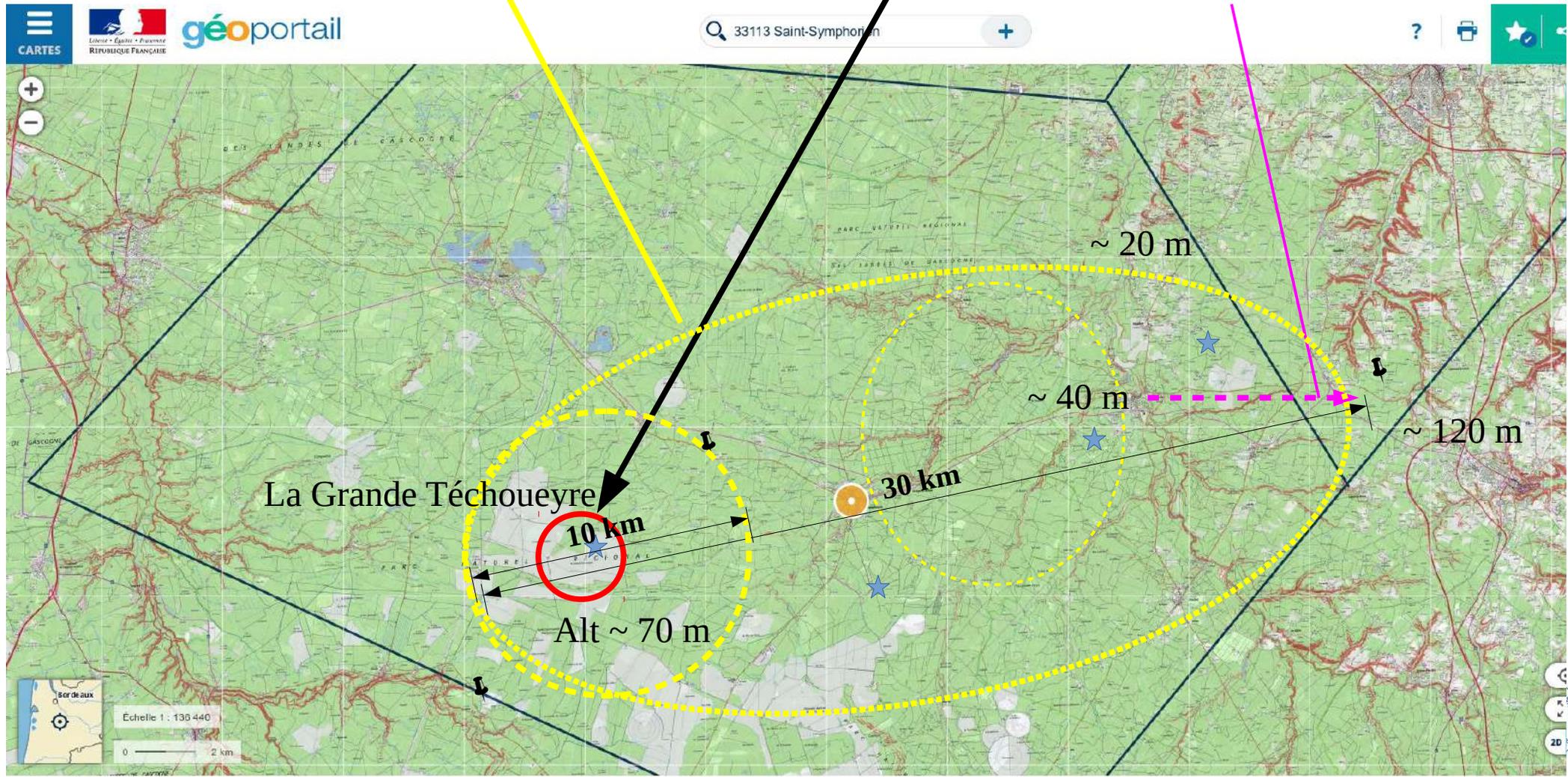
Selected supersite area

- 📡 40m antennas/watchtower
- ★ met. station + visi.

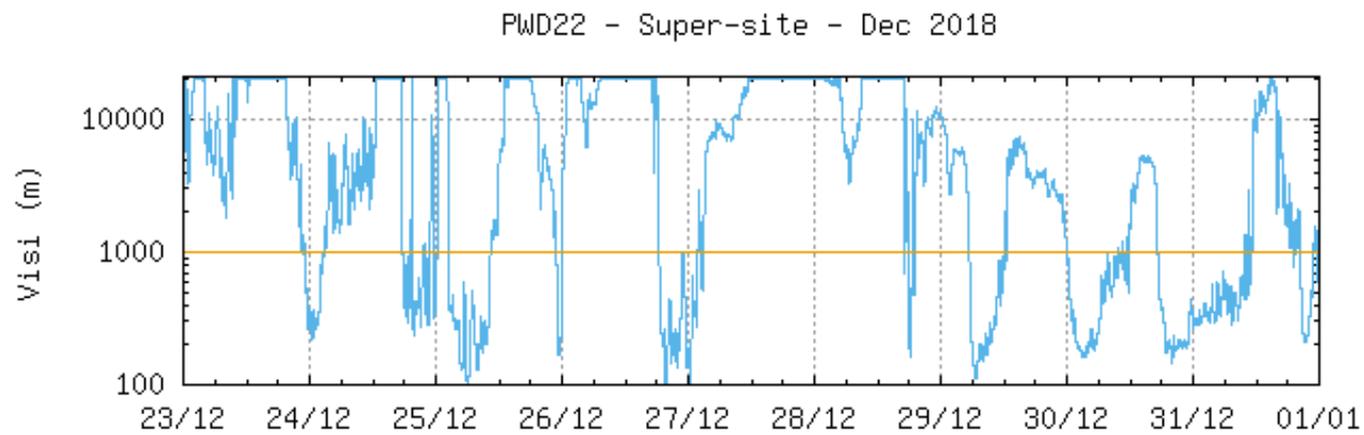
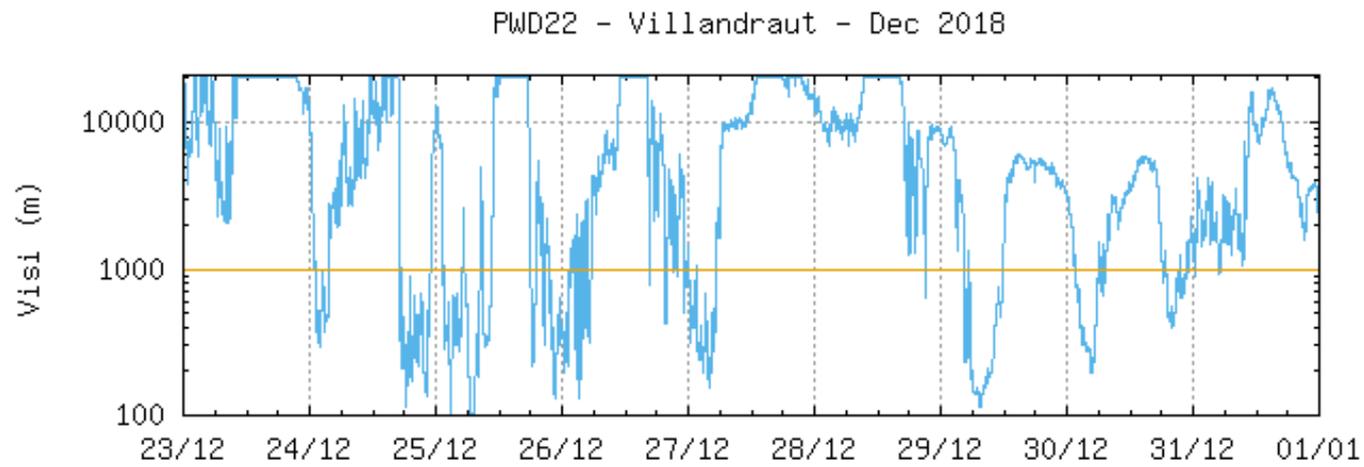
Empty space suitable for UAV operations (except over villages)

New super-site option (44.4113 ; -0.6156)

Transect with increasing altitude



Pré-campagne hiver 2018-2019



METEO-FRANCE CNRM/GMEI/MNP/CA



Super site : 3D fog life cycle

- 50m mast 2 (flux) in a forest slot to find somewhere



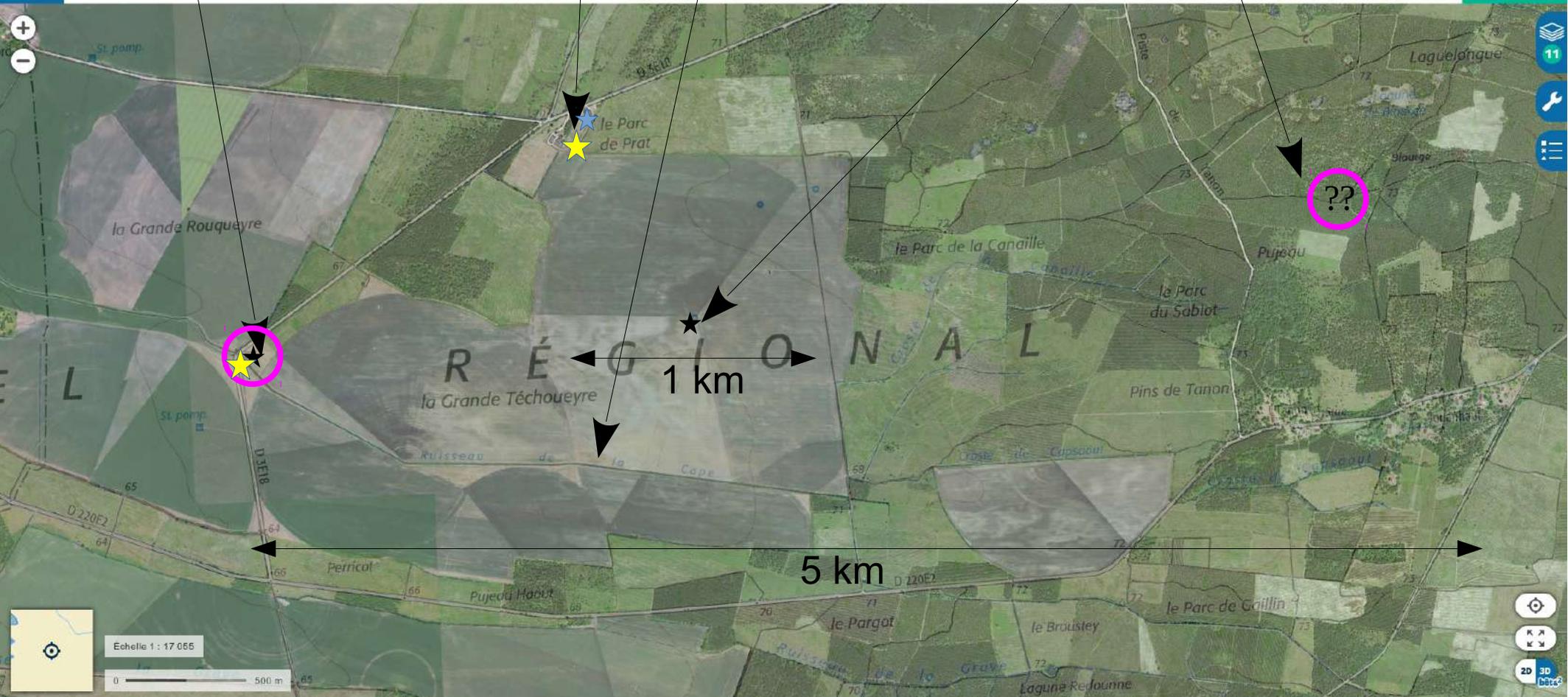
- Aerosol shelter
- 50m mast 1 (flux, CDP)

- Radar 95 GHz / MWR, Lidars
- Tethered balloon



• **UAVs fleet terrain**

• radar 95 GHz scannant



Super-site 50m mast 1

- Aerosol shelter
- 50m mast 1 (flux, CDP)



SERIES 90 MAST

SECTIONAL MAST SERIES

"The Big Lifter up to 50 metres"

Series 90 is our big lifter using 6 inch mast sections and having torsional locking clamps between each tube. The tubular mast can be set up using a common set of leg supports and guy controllers, these components can be common to a number of masts if required. Series 90 is offered in heights ranging from 10 to 50 metres and again is easy to transport and set up on any site.

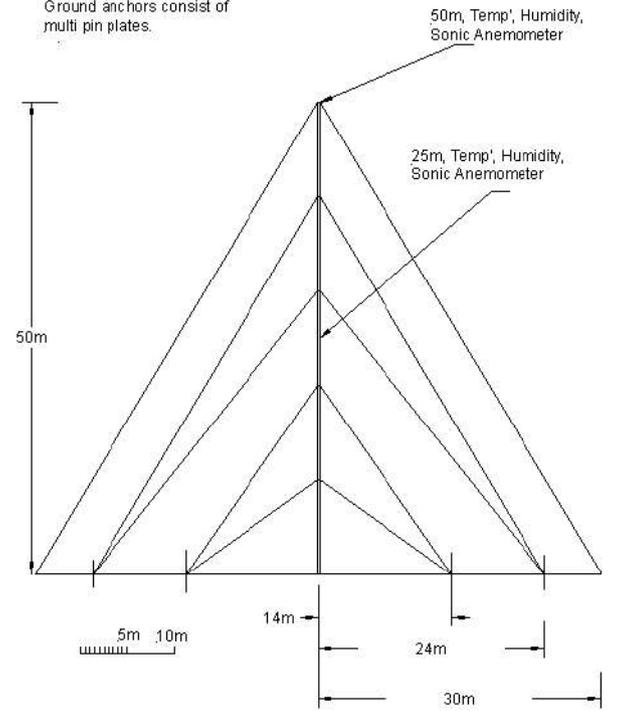
| DI. NO. | DI. WIDE. | EXTENDED HEIGHT | MINIMUM VERTICAL HEADLOG | MAXIMUM HORIZONTAL HEADLOG |
|---------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1370 | 8-11 | 10.0m | 20.0g | 20.0g |
| 1375 | 8-15 | 15.0m | 20.0g | 33.0g |
| 1376 | 8-20 | 20.0m | 20.0g | 49.0g |
| 1378 | 8-24 | 24.0m | 20.0g | 63.0g |
| 1379 | 8-30 | 30.0m | 20.0g | 83.0g |
| 1379 | 8-40 | 40.0m | 20.0g | 113.0g |



Lanfex 50m Clark Type 90 Mast, Flux Tower

(J. Price)

Sectional mast made up of 25 x 2m by 6" dia' aluminium tubes weathered green in colour guyed as in the diagram with galvanised steel rope. Ground anchors consist of multi pin plates.



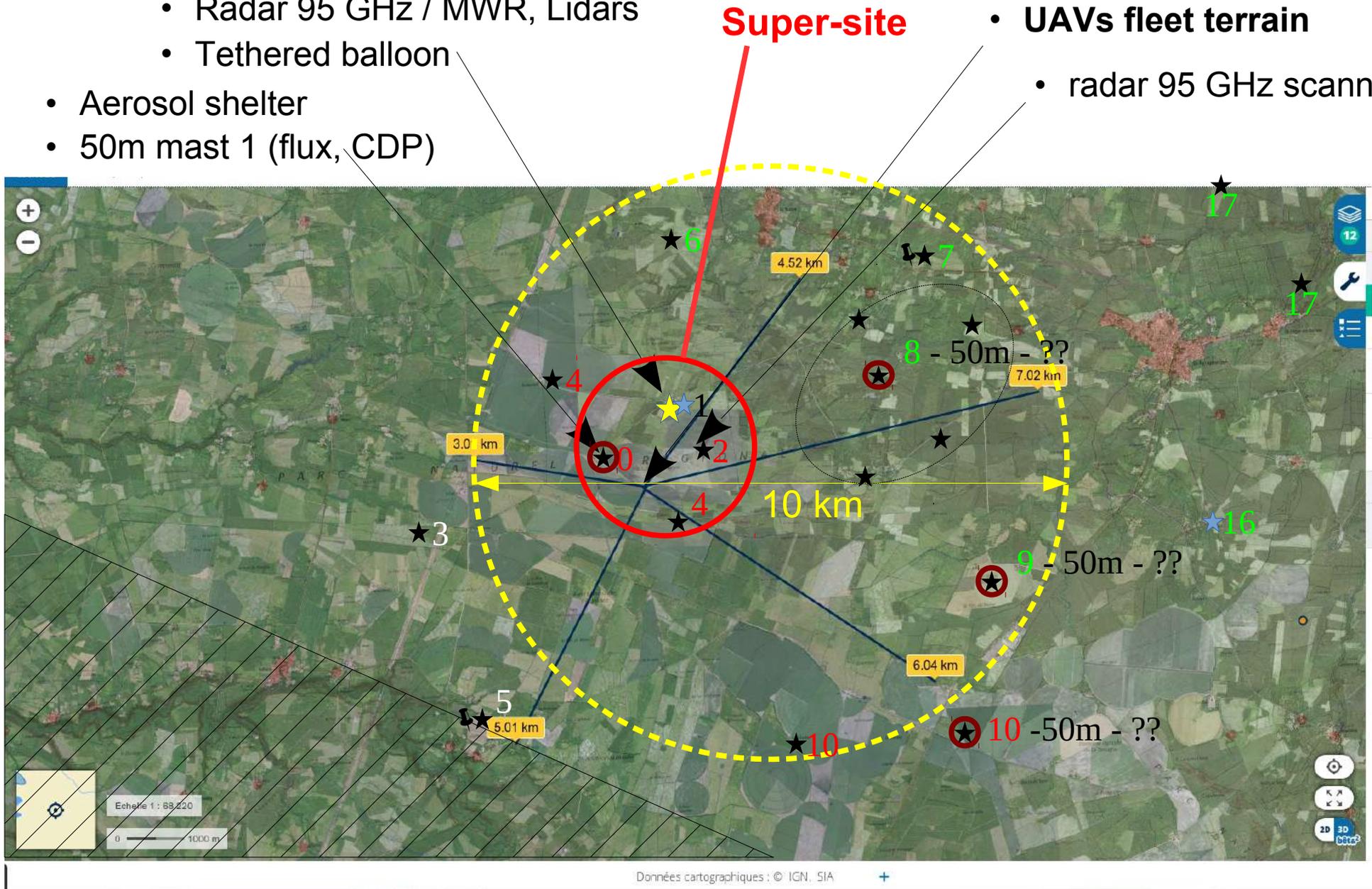
UAV flight zone 1

📡 40m antennas/watchtower

★ met. station + visi. 2018

- Radar 95 GHz / MWR, Lidars
- Tethered balloon
- Aerosol shelter
- 50m mast 1 (flux, CDP)

- **UAVs fleet terrain**
- radar 95 GHz scannant



- ◆ RADOME
- ★ met. station + visi. 2018
- ★ met. station + visi. + TNL
- ★ tour 50 m ?? et/ou station

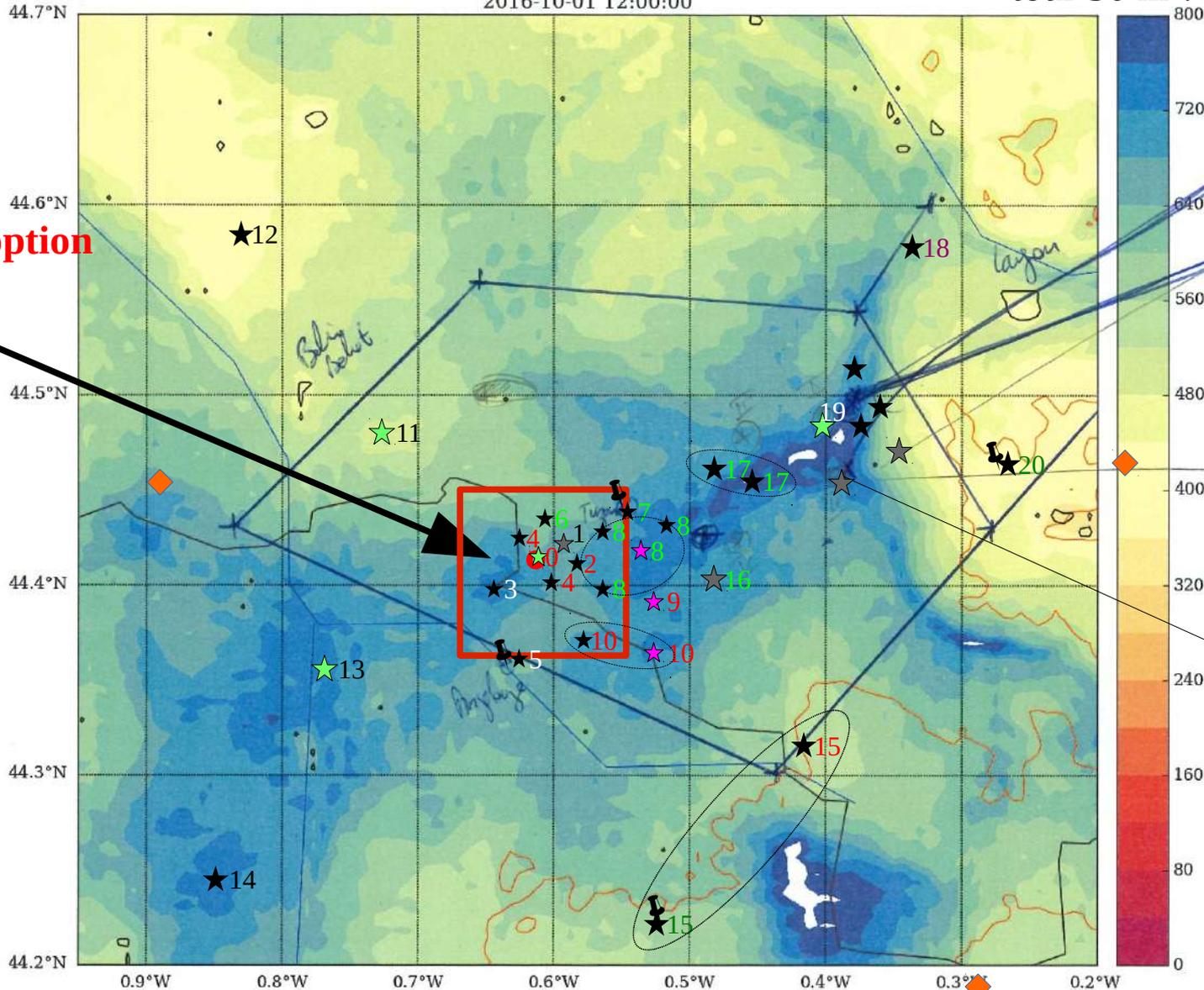
500-156

H6MOIS_FOG_LMOY
2016-10-01 12:00:00

Inve

New super-site option
and UAV area

55 km



(min: 0.000E+00 // max: 9.960E+02)

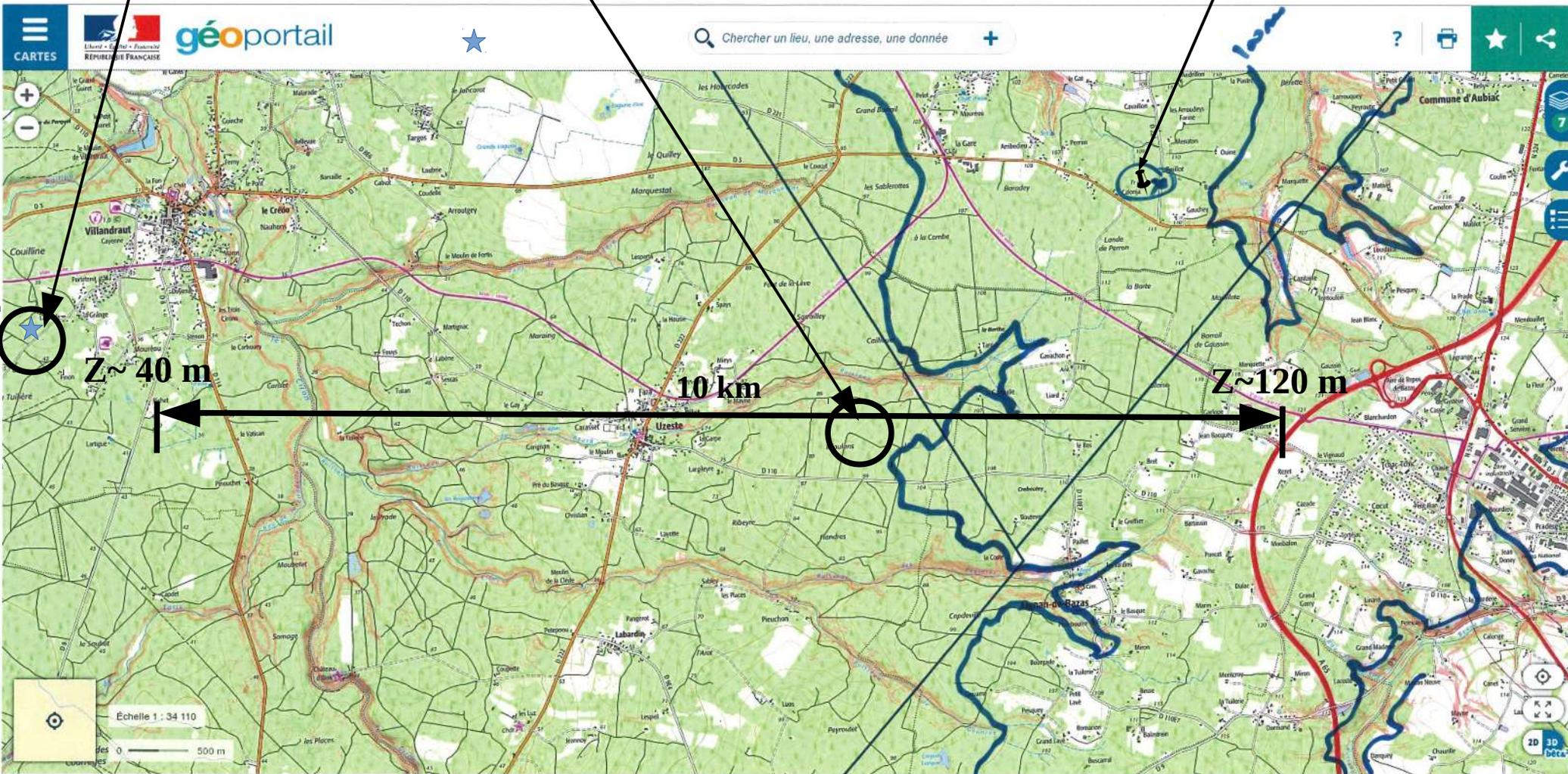
Villandraut



Transect with increasing altitude

- ★ met. station + visi.
- Possible secondary site with one 50m tower ?

Flux site to find somewhere ?



Données cartographiques : © IGN +

Organization

- Networks of instruments should be deployed between => **01/10/2019 and 31/03/2020**
 - ✓ Super-site (power access fixed => to be done)
 - ✓ Radars strategy
 - ✓ MWR network strategy
- **In progress :**
 - **site search** for the **2nd 50-m** and of the **10-m flux mats**
 - Open area / small pine forest contrast. Distance ~ 5 to 6 km
 - **site search** for the **20 mobiles stations** and the **6 ceilometers**
 - Use of existing watchtowers / antennas for visi network (larger scale domain)
 - UAV long range flight derogation => 5 km radius (S2 < 1km)
 - ZRT requested for test flights in May-June
- **Intensive observation periods** (radiosoundings, tethered balloons, UAVs fleet) will be triggered through **forecast alerts** in real-time during this period.



Forêts des Landes

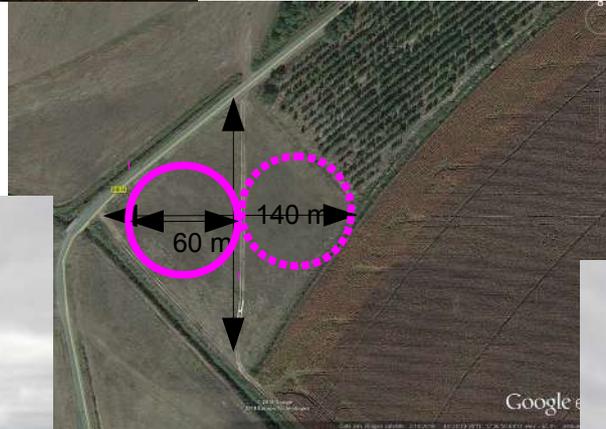


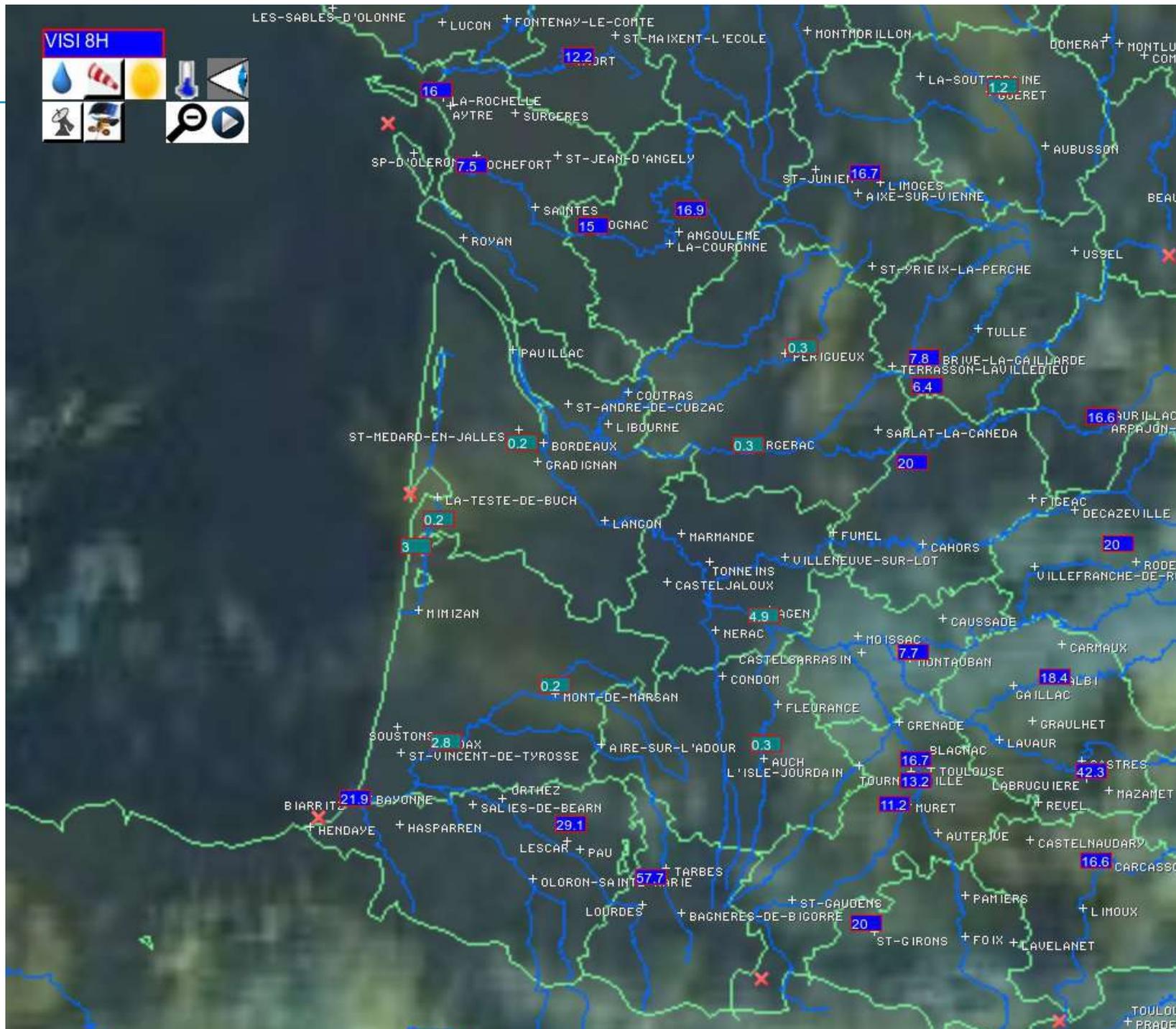
et al.





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16/04/19- SOFOG3D Kick-off meeting– F. Burnet et al.